HB 1227: LOOK HOW FAR WE'VE COME!



HB 1227 and HB 1747 Trial/Appellate Attorney Training
June 8, 2023, 9:00-12:00 P.M.

Marci Comeau, Managing Attorney, Washington State Office of Public Defense

REMOVALS/HOLDS PRIOR TO SHELTER CARE

RCW 26.44.050: LAW ENFORCEMENT/PROTECTIVE CUSTODY HOLDS

Current statute:

- ➤ Abuse or neglect.
- Injured or could not be taken into custody if it were first necessary to obtain a court order.

- Imminent physical harm due to abuse or neglect, including that which results from sexual abuse, sexual exploitation, or a pattern of severe neglect.
- Seriously injured or could not be taken into custody if it were necessary to first obtain a court order.

RCW 26.44.056: HOSPITAL HOLDS

Current statute:

- > Reasonable cause.
- > Imminent danger.



Compare with HB 1227 amendments:

- Probable cause
- Necessary to prevent imminent physical harm due to abuse or neglect, including that which results from sexual abuse, sexual exploitation, or a pattern of severe neglect
- Seriously injured or could not be taken into custody if it were necessary to first obtain a court order.

RCW 13.34.050: PICK-UP ORDERS

Current statute:

- > Petition alleging child is dependent.
- Reasonable grounds that child's health, safety, and welfare will be seriously endangered if not taken into custody.
- ➤ Risk of imminent harm, including, but not limited to, sexual abuse, sexual exploitation, and parent's failure to perform basic parental functions.

- Petition with sufficient corroborating evidence to establish child is dependent.
- Reasonable grounds to believe removal is necessary to prevent imminent physical harm due to child abuse or neglect, including that which results from sexual abuse, sexual exploitation, or pattern of severe neglect.
- Specific factual information evidencing insufficient time to serve parent with petition and hold hearing prior to removal.
- If child taken into custody, petition and supporting documentation must be served on parent at child's removal unless, after diligent efforts, parent cannot be found. If parent not served, diligent efforts to personally serve parent.

RCW 13.34.060: REMOVALS PRIOR TO SHELTER CARE HEARING

Current statute:

- Priority placement with relative or suitable adult, pending court hearing.
- "Effort within available resources" to place on next business day.
- Department may authorize evaluations/routine and necessary medical care.

- Unless reasonable cause based upon specific evidence, priority placement with relative or suitable adult.
- "Continuing efforts" to place on next business day.
- Department may authorize evaluations/routine and necessary care of child, after informing parent, unless parent cannot be reached.
- Child's parent must be provided opportunity to attend, unless prohibited by court order.

PROCEDURE

RCW 13.34.040: PETITION, APPLICATION OF ICWA

Current statute:

"Is or may be an Indian child..."



- "Reason to know child is or may be an Indian child..."
- > If reason to know, ICWA applies.
- Petition verified, contain statement constituting dependency, and include names/residence/ contact information (if known to petitioner) of each parent/guardian/custodian.
- If petitioner seeking removal, clear and specific statement as to harm if child remains in care of parent/ guardian/custodian, and facts supporting conclusion.

RCW 13.34.062: NOTICE

- Current statute: Reasonable efforts.
- 1. To inform child has been taken into custody, reasons why, and legal rights (including right to shelter care hearing).
- 2. To investigate whereabouts of parent.

> HB 1227: Diligent efforts.

RCW 13.34.065(1)(A): CONTINUANCE OF 72-HOUR SHELTER CARE HEARINGS

Current statute:

- Upon request of parent, guardian, or custodian.
- ➤ Good cause and inability to attend shelter care hearing.
- Subsequent shelter care hearing.

- > Upon request of child's attorney, parent, guardian, or custodian.
- Good cause and inability to attend, or inability to adequately prepare for shelter care hearing.
- Continuance of initial shelter care hearing or subsequent shelter care hearing.
- ➢ If parent, guardian, or custodian is not represented by counsel, clerk shall provide information regarding how to obtain counsel.

NEW SHELTER CARE STANDARD

 Imminent physical harm due to child abuse or neglect

Part 1

 Causal relationship between particular conditions in home and imminent physical harm to child;

 Contrary to welfare to return/remain home;



 Imminent physical harm outweighs harm of removal;

Part 2

 Whether participation by parent in prevention services would prevent/eliminate need for removal;

 Parent agrees to participate in prevention services.

WHAT IS NOT IMMINENT PHYSICAL HARM?

- Community or family poverty
- **≻**Isolation
- ➤ Single parenthood
- > Age of the parent
- Crowded or inadequate housing

- ➤ Substance abuse
- Prenatal drug or alcohol exposure
- ➤ Mental illness
- > Disability or special needs
- Nonconforming social behavior

PREVENTION SERVICES VS. REMEDIAL SERVICES

Services Remedial Prevention RCW 13.34.030(20), (21) RCW 13.34.025(2)(a) Services capable of <u>preventing</u> need for out-Family reunification services that facilitate of-home placement while protecting child. <u>reunification</u> of child safely and appropriately within a timely fashion. Safety planning. Preservation services. Case Planning. Remedial services include individual, Housing assistance. group, and family counseling; substance Specific mental health prevention and abuse treatment services; mental health treatment services, substance abuse services; assistance to address domestic prevention and treatment services, and inviolence; services designed to provide home parent skill-based programs that qualify temporary childcare and therapeutic for federal funding under the federal family first prevention services act. services for families; and transportation.

PLACEMENT WITH A RELATIVE

RCW 13.34.065(5)(C): RELATIVE PLACEMENT

PRESUMPTION of relative placement: Court shall place with relative or suitable adult unless:

- Reasonable cause to believe that placement in foster care is necessary to prevent <u>imminent physical harm</u> because no relative or other suitable person is capable of ensuring the basic safety of the child OR
 - > Efforts to reunite will be hindered
- Burden of proof on petitioner



RCW 13.34.065(5)(C)(II): COURT'S INQUIRY INTO RELATIVE PLACEMENT OPTIONS

New line of court inquiry: at 72-hour shelter care hearing, the Court shall inquire of the petitioner and ANY OTHER PERSON whether a relative or suitable person:

- Has expressed interest in becoming caregiver for child;
- > Is able to meet any special needs of child;
- > Is willing to facilitate child's sibling and parent visitation if ordered by court;
- Supports reunification of parent and child once reunification can safely occur.

Court shall give great weight to stated preference of parent, guardian, or legal custodian, and the child.

RCW 13.34.065(5)(C)(III): RELATIVE PLACEMENT: FACTORS NOT PREVENTING PLACEMENT

The following factors/issues must NOT prevent child's placement with relative/suitable adult:

- Incomplete Department or fingerprint-based background check, if relative or suitable adult appears suitable and competent, but background check must be completed as soon as possible after placement;
- Uncertainty on part of relative/suitable adult regarding adoption;
- Disbelief on part of relative/suitable adult that parent presents a danger to the child, provided caregiver will protect the safety of child and comply with court orders regarding parent-child contact;
- Conditions of relative/suitable adult's home are not sufficient to satisfy requirements of licensed foster home.
- Court may order Department to provide financial or other support to ensure safe conditions in the home.



RCW 13.34.065(5)(I): RELATIVE PLACEMENT: INITIAL FOSTER CARE LICENSE

- If court places with relative or suitable adult, and placement wishes to be a licensed foster parent, court shall order Department to begin initial assessment within 10 days.
- If relative or suitable adult is qualified, Department shall issue an initial license and begin making foster care payments after 10 days, beginning on date Department approves initial license.
- If relative or suitable adult unqualified, Department shall report to court within one week of decision.
- Department shall also report on status of licensure process during entry of dispositional orders.



PLACEMENT IN FOSTER CARE

RCW 13.34.065(J): COURT AUTHORITY OVER FOSTER CARE PLACEMENT (THE FIGHT CONTINUES)



If court places child in foster care, Department SHALL report to court, at shelter care hearing, location of licensed foster placement identified by Department.



NEW court authority over Department's ability to place in foster care, including:

- Ordering placement in less restrictive placement;
- Ordering Department to place in location in closer proximity to child's parent, home, or school;
- Ordering Department to place with child's siblings; and
- Taking any other necessary steps to ensure the child's health, safety, and well-being.

ENFORCEMENT

RCW 13.34.065(J)(III): DEPARTMENT'S COMPLIANCE AND IMPACT ON REASONABLE EFFORTS

- Department's failure to comply with court orders in shelter care may be considered when determining whether reasonable efforts have been made by Department at dispositional hearing.
- Placement moves in shelter care may be considered when determining whether reasonable efforts have been made by Department during dispositional hearing.

QUESTIONS? COMMENTS? THANK YOU!

Marci Comeau, Managing Attorney
Washington State Office of Public Defense
marci.comeau@opd.wa.gov

